

Homework 2

Name: _____

Math 2210Q, Fall 2016
Dr. Erik Wallace

Due: Monday, September 19

1. Given the matrices

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -5 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

calculate each of the following if it exists:

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{AB} + \mathbf{C}, \quad \mathbf{BA} + \mathbf{C}, \quad \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}) \\ & \mathbf{B}(\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{D}), \quad \mathbf{BC} + \mathbf{D}, \quad \mathbf{ABC} \\ & \mathbf{CD}, \quad \mathbf{DC}, \quad \mathbf{CA}, \quad -2\mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$$

2. Calculate the product

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use this example to show that given $\mathbf{AB} = \mathbf{AC}$ we cannot conclude $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{C}$ (this is known as the law of cancellation, and it is true for real numbers but not for matrices).

3. Calculate the product

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & b \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

and find the value of b such that the result is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. Find a dependence relation between the columns of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Is any column a multiple of another column?

5. Find a dependence relation between the rows of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 21 & -28 & 35 \\ 3 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

6. Find a linearly independent subset of the vectors

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Can each of the four vectors be written as a linear combination of the other three?

7. Suppose a linear system has the solution

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + y \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + z \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a. What is the dimension of the span?
- b. What is a parameterization of the x, y, z coordinates of a vector in the span?
- c. Is the vector $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ in the span?
- d. Is the solution set
 - (a) the same as the span,
 - (b) parallel to the span,
 - (c) perpendicular to the span,
 - (d) none of these.

8. True or False?

- a. If 3 vectors lie in the same plane, then there is a dependence relation between them.
- b. If a set of vectors is linearly dependent, then a vector in the set is a scalar multiple of one of the others.
- c. If a set of vectors is linearly dependent, then each vector in the set can be written as a linear combination of the others.
- d. If a set of vectors is linearly dependent, then there exists a vector in the set that can be written as a linear combination of the others.
- e. The columns of any 4×5 matrix are linearly dependent.
- f. A set of fewer than n vectors in \mathbb{R}^n is linearly independent.