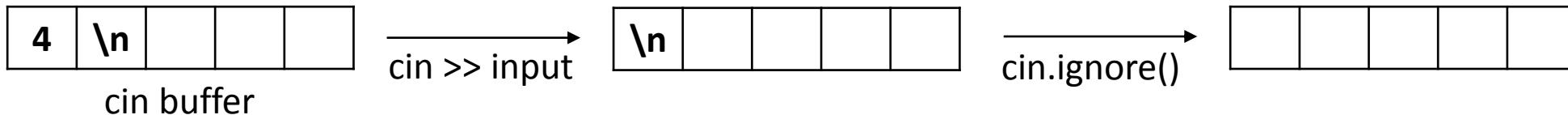


Program 1: Life

- The game of *Life*
 - '@' represents each organism.
 - 30 x 30 two-dimensional array
 - Each generation should be displayed on the screen, and should be paused.
 - You may use `cin.get()` to pause, `cin.ignore()` to ignore '\n'.

Why do we need `cin.ignore()`?

- When a user inputs 4 and hit the enter, they get into the `cin` buffer.
- '`cin >> input`' will read data from buffer until the delimiting character '\n' is encountered.
- `cin.get()` will read one character from buffer, which is '\n'.



2-dimensional Array Representation

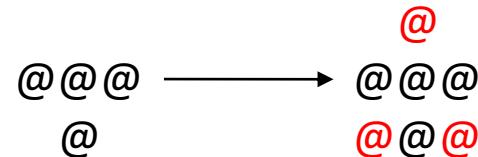
- To avoid the out-of-bounds error,
 - make the array dimensions 2 larger than needed.
 - fill the boundary with a different character other than '@'.

Array range : 0-31
Data range : 1-30

32 x 32 array

Rules

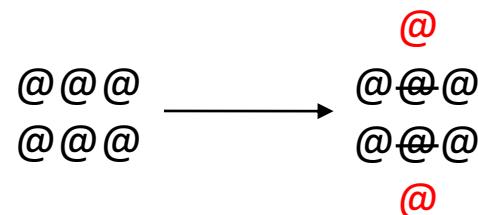
- An organism is born in any empty cell if (neighbors == 3)



- An organism dies from isolation if (neighbors < 2)



- An organism dies from overcrowding if (neighbors > 3)



- All other organism survive to the next generation

Be careful!

- Changes in the same generation does not affect the next generation.
 - You should keep the changes in another array, and apply the changes to the next generation after checking every organism.